## LESSON PLAN

DEPARTMENT OF MATH \& SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR
SUBJECT: ENGG. MATH 1
NAME OF FACULTY: Sk. S. Ali
Semester From date: 25/10/2022

| Week | Class Day | Theory / Practical Topics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | $1^{\text {st }}$ | INTRODUCTION CLASS |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 1) MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS <br> 2) Types of matrices |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | a)Types of matrices |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | b)Algebra of matrices |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 3) Algebra of matrices |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | 4) Determinant |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | c) Determinant |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | d) Properties of determinant |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | 5) Properties of determinant |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | 6) Inverse of a matrix (second and third order) (Question should be on second order matrix) |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | e) Inverse of a matrix (second and third order) (Question should be on second order matrix) |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | f) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables) |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | 7) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables) |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | g) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables) |


|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | h) Solution of simultaneous equations by matrix inverse method <br> (Question should be on two variables) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | i) Solution of simultaneous equations by matrix inverse method <br> (Question should be on two variables) |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 2) TRIGONOMETRY <br> a) Trigonometrically ratios |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | b) Compound angles, multiple and sub-multiple angles (only formulae) |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | c) Define inverse circular functions and its properties (no derivation) |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 3) CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY IN TWO DIMENSIONS (Straight line) <br> a) Introduction of geometry in two dimension |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | b) Distance formulae, division formulae, area of a triangle (only formulae no derivation) |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | c) Define slope of a line, angle between two lines (only F), condition of perpendicularity and parallelism. |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | d) Different forms of straight lines (only formulae) |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | i) One point form |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | ii) two point form |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | iii) slope form |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | iv) intercept form |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | v) Perpendicular form |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | e) Equation of a line passing through a point and |


|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | i) parallel to a line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | ii) Perpendicular to a line |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | f) Equation of a line passing through the intersection of two lines |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | g) Distance of a point from a line |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | 4) CIRCLE <br> a) Equation of a circle <br> i) center radius form |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | ii) general equation of a circle |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | iii) end point of diameter form |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | 5) CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY IN THREE DIMENSIONS <br> a) Distance formulae, section formulae, direction ratio |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | b) direction cosine, angle between two lines |
|  |  | c) (condition of parallelism and perpendicularity) |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | d) Equation of a plane <br> General form, angle between two planes, perpendicular distance of a point from a plane, equation of a plane passing through a point and |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | e) parallel to a plane |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | f) perpendicular to a plane |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | 6) SPHERE <br> a) Equation of a sphere <br> i) center radius form |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | ii) general form |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ | iii) two end points of a diameter form (only formulae and problems) |

